OHIO FEAST FOR FAIRBANKS. 1++++++++++++++++++

VICE-PRESIDENT, GUEST OF THE BUCKEYE STATE'S SONS.

Talks to Them of Arbitration and Says That President Roosevelt Has Dune Much for That Cause Cassic Chadwick Joke for Andrew Carnegie.

The Ohio Society had its annual feast and oratorical display at the Walderf-Astoria last night. This year the honors of the banquet were dedicated to Vice-President Charles Warren Fairbanks, who got out of Ohio when young to achieve eminence in Indiana. Those who went to the festivities expecting a brilliant dinner were not disappointed. It is only at an Ohio banquet that the galleries become such bowers of beauty that all the diners go around with cricks in their necks for a week afterward. It was the general opinion of unprejudiced spectators that the big ballroom had never contained more radiant beauty than last night.

Nor were the substantial, broad chested gentlemen on the floor bad to look upon. And as for the statesmanship, wealth and valor represented at the head table, let the list of those who sat on the right and left of Mr. Fairbanks and President John J. McCook of the society tell the story: Colgate Hoyt, Gilbert E. Roe, Marion J. Verdery, the Rev. J. Nevett Steele, the Rev. Dr. Gayland Hoyt, ex-Gov. James E. Campbell of Ohio, W. Butler Duncan, ex-Senator Charles A. Towns, Gen. F. D. Grant, Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard, Major-Cen. James F. Wade, Lieut.-Gov. M. Linn Bruce, Senator Steppen B. Elkins, Andrew Carnegie, Secretary Leslie M. Shaw, E. H. Harriman Senator Nathan B. Scott, Lieut.-Gov. Harding of Ohio, Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan, August Belmont, Samuel Rea, Melville E. Stone, Judge George C. Holt, the Rev. Charles H. Jefferson, Dr. Henry N. Tifft, Robert C. Ogden, Oscar S. Straus and Gen. Henry L. Burnett.

Col. McCook rose along about 10 o'clock and started the talking. He congratulated the society on its progress, reminding it that the membership had increased to 600 from 455 within two years. He continued:

we have a surplus of \$15,000 in our treasury. It is not a large sum, as sums go in these days, but it is large enough for our purposes, and not large enough to be a temptation to any designing and aggressive female—

temptation to any designing and aggressive female—"

Here Mr. McCook looked down at Mr. Carnegie, who ducked his head over the cloth and let his shoulders shake without restraint. The sons of Ohio rose and whooped for joy. Col. McCook may have been talking right along, but nobody heard him until his voice emerged from the din, saying; "I warn our treasurer that the one trust which the Ohio Society has in him is that he will not be Cassied."

Mr. McCook pronounced a eulogy of President Roosevelt, ending by proposing the President's health. The society and the women in the gallery rose and sang the "Star Spangled Banner." Col. McCook then told how, in the middle of the last Presidential campaign, he had engaged Mr. Fairbanks to come to last night's dinner as the guest of honor and as Vice-President of the United States.

Col. McCook said that one prophecy was enough and that he did not intend to try to forcest Mr. Fairbanks's furner for the Corners Mr. Fairbanks's furner the content of the prophecy was enough and that he did not intend to try

enough and that he did not intend to try to forecast Mr. Fairlanks's future further. But (and the sons of Ohio cheered as though they thought the speaker meant a great deal) he was sure that the nation had honors, and deserved honors in store against the time when Mr. Fairbanks stood ready to

receive them.

Vice-President Fairbanks rose and after a long greeting of cheers and waving nap-

speech of the Vice-President. "We are composed of many nationalities, yet we are unied and harmonious; conscious of our own strength. Without boastfulness we can express the belief that we may stand against the world if supreme' need should be. Our material resources are ample. They challenge the supreme heed should be. Our material resources are ample. They challenge the power of computation. Unnumbered centuries to come will not exhaust them. We do not stand in fear of the greatest among foreign Powers, not because of our obvious ability to assemble vast armies, not because of our acknowledged maritime transfer but because beyond and above transfer but because they are the standard to be a second t cause of our acknowledged maritime strength, but because, beyond and above these, of our high conception of right and justice among the nations of the earth. If we are inspired always by a sense of international right we shall not invite alien assault. We shall invade the territory of no other Fower and no other Fower will seek lightly to invade ours. While we build navies and support armies and seek to increase their efficiency, keeping step with our national growth, let us diffuse among our people that just sense of decency and honor among men which is a more powerful influence in the preservation. among our people that just sense of deconcy and honor among men which is a more powerful influence in the preservation of the world's peace than any manifestation of physical force. It is sure to be a guaranty of tranquility which is abiding and which is worth the having. That international peace which is the fruit of moral forces is dearer than that which is predicated upon mere might.

"We look upon the growth of a sentiment favor of arbitration among nations with the utmost gratification. The American

in favor of arbitration among nations with the utmost gratification. The American people hold to the doctrine that international differences should be settled by some other means than appeal to force, than by a resort to the cold and merciless arbitrament of arms. We believe that the time has come in the world's progress when international differences, as a rule, can and should be determined in the high court of reason. While we rejoice in our heirship to the glories and honors of a common State and a common country, we do not share in allegiance to a common political party. Nevertheless, I believe that, without any suggestion of partisanship, I interpret the sentiment of all who are assembled to night when I say that President Roosevelt has rendered the cause of international arbitration distinct President Roosevelt has rendered the cause of international artistration distinct and lasting service. Differences have arisen among eminent statesmen with respect to details, yet the cause of arbitration has been given an impetus by the President which is worldwide in its beneficent effect. In good time differences as to mere details will be eradicated or harmonized, and the principle for which he stands will become an established and irreversible policy of the great republic.

"It is a happy circumstance that the most powerful nation, the one whose fighting capacity is beyond question, should be among the foremost to adjust international complications in the deliberative chamber."

complications in the deliberative chamber.

"It is becoming daily more and more apparent that we are destined to exercise a powerful influence upon the world, not apparent that we are destined to exercise a powerful influence upon the world, not by the sword, but by our exalted exemple. Nations are firmly knit together by the instrumentalities of commerce. The cable and the telegraph link the marts and capitals of the world to each other. Rilways span continents and hind together the citidels of commercial and political power. Merchantmen thread the seas and are in speaking distance of each other and of all ports. The civilized world is coming more and more to think on the same questions at the same time. We read in the same paper debates in the American Congress, the English House of Commons, the French Chamber of Deputies and the Reichstag upon cuestions of industrial, social and political moment.

"American ideals will in good time work a revolution in the world's thought because they are founded upon those fundamental principles which are recorded.

hey are founded upon those fundamental

they are founded upon those fundamental principles which are promotive of liberty and equality among men.

"Buckeyes are optimistic. They have believed always in the ascendency of their star; in their high destiny, from the hour when their fathers went with the axe into the primeval forest to carve out a State, until now. Pessimism has had no place in their philosophy. They stand with their faces to the future, believing in their ability to solve well whatever domestic problems lie in their pathway, and confident of our country's holding a commanding place country's holding a commanding place in affairs of worldwide moment."

Lieut-Gov. M. Linn Bruce, speaking of the toaxt: "The Empire State Salutes for Adopted Buckeye Sons," said in part: "Much that has helped to make this the

Easter Opening

You are Cordially Invited to Inspect the many Interesting EASTER NOVELTIES

now on display.

This year we are offering unusual attractions: EASTER SURPRISE BASKETS.

> EASTER EGGS Filled in Great Variety. EASTER PANORAMA EGGS Lighted with Electricity.

39-41 W. 23d St., NEW YORK CITY. N. B.—Have no other store in New York or Brooklyn.

*++++++++++++++

Empire State has been contributed by her adopted sons—I was born in Pennsylvania.

"Of course it's not for us to boast; we who lead can let others boast. No matter how great the others may be, New York is always the greatest. The trouble with New Yorkers is that they are always finding fault. I mot a man who did nothing but kick at our police. Why, they are the finest and bravest body of police in the world and their record is high up."

Lieut-Gov. Warren G. Harding of Ohio was introduced by the toastmaster as Ohio's official representative. He responded by saying; re State has been contributed by her

by saying;
"I feel just a bit like the man in the congregation who, when the minister called on all who wished to go to Heaven to rise, sat still. He continued seated when all who wished to go to the other place were asked to rise.

"Well,' said the minister, 'where do you want to go?'

"If it's the same to you,' said the man.

"'If it's the same to you,' said the man,
'I'm from Ohio, and I want to stay where

I am."

The Hon. Charles A. Towne was introduced as a difficult man to find, a Democrat. He said in part:

"There grew out of the Presidential dominancy of Ohio a superstitious feeling. If it was discovered that a man did not come from Ohio he was handicapped in the race. The present amiable occupant of the White House broke the superstition. But perhaps we shall return to the ancient way. Who knows but that it may be the distinguished guest here to-night who leads us back?"

The applicate of the property of the property

The applause following this remark completely drowned Mr. Towne's voice. Vice-President Fairbanks looked slightly embarrassed, but took the compliment with a smile.

Rear Admiral Coghlan and Gen. Wade

NOMINATED BY THE PRESIDENT. Judicial, Consular and Other Offices Filled

-E. V. Morgan Minister to Corea. WASHINGTON, March 18 .- The President ent to the Senate to-day the following nominations:

nominations:

To be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary—Edwin V. Morgan of New York, to Corea.

To be Consul-General of the United States—Hernee Lee Washington of the District of Columbia, at Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope.

To be Consuls—John H. Snodgrass of West Virginia, at Pretoria, South Africa: George I. Dob-on of Iowa, at Hangehow, China. George C. Mcintosh of West Virginia, to be Consuited Consultat Buenos Aires, Argentine Republic.

To be Collectors of Internal Revenue—Walter S. Loudon of Ulinois, for the Thir-

The Senate this afternoon confirmed the omination of Christian C. Kohlsaat to be comined the some control of the Christian C. Kohlsaat to be chited States Circuit Judge for the Seventh Circuit, and Solomon H. Bethea and Kenesuw M. Landis to be District Judges for the Northern District of Illinois. Also that of Edwin V. Morgan of New York to

Minister to Corea.

The following nominations failed of acon: James Wickersham to be Judge of
the United States Court for the District of Alaska, whose nomination met the opposi-tion of Senators Nelson and McCumber; Second Lieuts, James L. Craig, Twenty-rinth Infantry, and William C. Garden-hire, Fifteenth Cavalry, and Postmasters Perry A. Sandborn at Northeast, Pa-and Arthur A. Bondreaux at Thibodaux, I.a. and Arthur A. Bondreaux at Thibodaux, La.
Edwin V. Morgan of New York, who was
appointed Minister to Corea, is a young
man who has had considerable experience
in the country to which he is now accredited.
Mr. Morgan is weaithy. His home is at
Aurora, near Buffalo, where his father
who recently died, had extensive interests.
His initiation into the diplomatic service
was in Janaury, 1500, when he was appointed secretary of the legation at Seoul.
The same year he was appointed vice and
deputy consul general at that place.
In March, 1501, Mr. Morgan became
second secretary of the embassy at St.
Petersburg, but returned to the United
States in April, 1902, to become confidential
clerk to Herbert H. D. Pierce, one of Mr.
Morgan's Embassy colleagues at the Russian
capital, who had been appointed Third
Assistant Secretary of State. On Jan. 22,
1801. Mr. Morgan was appointed Consult to

Assistant Secretary of State. On Jan. 22, 4801, Mr. Morgan was appointed Consul to Dalny, Manchuria, near Port Arthur, and account of Russia, but on account of the war situation he was not allowed to assume the office. He spent the better part of the year in the Far East, being for a time attached to the legation at Pekin, and recently returned home. His appointment was the scale to made

Spanish Minister Recalled, WASHINGTON, March 18 .- Schor Don Emilio de Ojeda, the Spanish Minister here. ay formally notified the State Departof his recall to Spain to be an Under

announced.

MEANS STANDARD OF MERIT.

The Smartest Things in Ladies' Shoes ARE OUR "WALKING PUMPS"

"Two Eyelet Christy Ties."

The exclusive styles of glove fitting pumps, with straight necktie bows, are so made and designed as absolutely to prevent slipping at the heel and gaping at the sides, We have named them "The Venus" because of their exceeding beauty.

Our Special Line of

"Two Eyelet Christy Ties"

with broad ribbon negligee bows is a charmingly artistic and highly fashionable form. We present these two exclusive shoe models as this season's choicest productions.

In all leathers and newest shapes of toes and heels.

Prices range from \$3.00 TO \$6.00 ALFRED J. CAMMEYER, 6th Av., Corner 20th St.

SENATE ENDS ITS SESSION.

THE SANTO DOMINGO TREATY LEFT UNRATIFIED.

Senator Teller Urges the Adoption of His Resolution Calling for Information Regarding the Treaty Negotiations, but the Senate Pigeonheled It

WASHINGTON, March 18.-The Senate adjourned sine die at 3:39 o'clock to-day. aving the Santo Domingo treaty unratified and pending on the calendar. Early in city next August. The President will the afternoon the nominations of Illinois Judges were received, and without objection they were confirmed. Mr. Spooner had expected the nomination of a United States District Attorney in Wisconsin, and when it failed to appear he went to the telephone and called up the President. Soon afterward the nomination of H. K. Butterfield as District Attorney for the

nations adjourned.

Some minutes were spent by Senators on the floor after adjournment shaking hands and expressing good wishes for health and prosperity during the long gradually the chamber became deserted, and outgoing trains to-night conveyed many Senators toward their

When the Senate met to-day Mr. Teller realled up his resolution calling on the President for all information in connection with the Santo Domingo treaty. The resolution had been amended so as to give the President discretion as to sending the in esident discretion as to sending the in-

rmation. Mr. Teller urged the adoption of the reso Mr. Teller urged the adoption of the resolution so that Congress, when it met next fall, might have the information necessary for intelligent action upon the convention. The Senate, as a part of the treaty making power, had the right, he contended, to all information connected with the negotiation of a treaty, for it had the final veto on the action of the Executive, the right to amend, &c. It was therefore an absurdity to say that the President could withhold any information from the Senate which would throw any light whatever on any phase of the treaty.

the treaty.

Mr. Daniel insisted that information should be forthcoming before the next session of the Senate. Mr. Lodge, he said. session of the Senate. Mr. Lodge, he said, had placed the minority in the attitude of making a demand for the information. Mr. Daniel denied that a demand was being made. It was a courteous request which should not meet with opposition. The President was left free to withhold the information if it would be against public interest to send it to the Senate.

interest to send it to the Senate.

Mr. Lodge replied that he had never known of a request for correspondence pertaining to the negotiation of a treaty. The preliminaries of treaty making were a part of the President's functions, and the Senate had nothing to do with them. The Senate had no right in his judgment, to

Senate had nothing to do with them. The Senate had no right, in his judgment, to ask for the correspondence of foreign Governments, nor would it be proper for the President to send it to the Senate.

Mr. Gorman declared that in the Grant administration the State Department had either voluntarily sent all information regarding the negotiation of the Santo Demings treaty or had sent it in response Domingo treaty or had sent it in response to a request of the Senate, as the full cor-respondence was published in the pro-ceedings of the Senate. Mr. Morgan said that in that case a brave

and honest President had desired the advice of the Senate, and therefore that no request by the Senate was necessary to obtain full information.

The resolution was then referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Admiral Folger to Command the Asiatic Station.

WASHINGTON, March 18.-The departure Secretary of the Foreign Office in Madrid.
Schor Ojeda's new position is considered a distinct promotion. He was appointed Minister to the United States in 190?. His successor will be Schor Jacinthe de Cologan, now Minister to Morocco. The date of Schor Ojeda's departure has not been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. Rear Admiral Stirling will relincuish command of the Asiatic station at Hong Kong and Rear Admiral Stirling will assume command. Admiral Stirling will companying the command of the Asiatic station at Hong Kong and Rear Admiral Stirling will command. Admiral Stirling will command of the Asiatic fleet from Cavite for Hong Kong has been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. Rear Admiral Stirling will assume command. Admiral Stirling will companying the command of the Asiatic fleet from Cavite for Hong Kong has been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. Rear Admiral Stirling will command of the Asiatic fleet from Cavite for Hong Kong has been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. Rear Admiral Stirling will relincuish command of the Asiatic fleet from Cavite for Hong Kong has been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. Rear Admiral Stirling will relincuish command of the Asiatic fleet from Cavite for Hong Kong has been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. Rear Admiral Stirling will relincuish command of the Asiatic fleet from Cavite for Hong Kong has been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. Rear Admiral Stirling will relincuish command of the Asiatic fleet from Cavite for Hong Kong has been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. Rear Admiral Stirling will relincuish command of the Asiatic fleet from Cavite for Hong Kong has been reported to the Navy Department. On March 23. come home to be retired in May.

Equitable

protect their share of the surplus and save hundreds to thousands of dollars in the cost of their insurance by addressing "SAVING," Box 106, care of Sun office.

ROOSEVELT TO THE MINERS.

The President to Speak to the Anthracite Men at Wilkesbarre on Aug. 10 Next. WASHINGTON, March 18.-John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, and T. D. Nichols, John Fallon and T. J. Llewellyn, district leaders in the first anthracite mine district of Pennsylvania, called on President Roosevelt this and Frederick Landis, are members of Conmorning. No information was given in regard to the object of their visit except that they came to invite the President to address a mass meeting of miners at Wilkes- | prominent physician. They are all full of barre on the occasion of his visit to that accept the invitation.

dent Roosevelt's action in acquiescing in an officer of Gen. Walter Q. Gresham's the request of President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers to address a meeting at Wilkesbarre on Aug. 10 next, is looked upon here as conclusive evidence that the President has decided that there shall be no strike of the anthracite miners next

Butterfield as District Attorney for the Eastern District of Wisconsin was received and promptly confirmed.

A committee consisting of Messrs Cuilorn and McCreary, members of the Committee on Foreign Relations, was appointed to wait upon the President and inform him that the Senate was ready to adjourn unless he had further communications to make. The committee reported that the President had no further communications to make and the Senate, after disposing of nominations adjourned.

In o strike of the anthracite miners next year if he can help it.

The miners remember how he settled their strike, and many persons here think that if he strikes the proper chord in his speech at Wilkesbarre the miners will consent to follow any plan that he may suggest. There are miners and operators, however, who believe that President Baer of the Reading Railway and the guiding genius of the anthracite coal combine, will resent any interference by President will resent any interference by President Roosevelt in the matter.

Mr. Baer has never taken any pains to conceal the fact that he is resentful regarding the President's action in the strike of 1902, when the larger coal companies were whipped into line and forced to agree to submit the matters in dispute between themselves and the men to a commission named by the President, much against their wish.

CANNOT ACCEPT FREE SERVICES. Therefore the Commission to Select Public

Building Sites Will Cost \$50 a Day. WASHINGTON, March 18.-President Roosevelt to-day determined that the mempers of the commission appointed on last Monday to select sites for future public buildings in Washington are to be paid \$10 a day when they are working. When the President originally appointed the commission, which consists of five members, it was planned that the services should be voluntary and with no remuneration, but it was discovered that the heads of departments or any other officer of the Government could not accept the voluntary services of any one, according to a bill he signed on March 3, except in cases of disaster involving the loss of life or deof disaster involving the loss of life or de-struction of property. As the matter now stands, the commission will cost the Gov-ernment \$50 a day for every day they are engaged in making plans for the Government building sites.

DISMISS POLYGAMISTS.

Mothers' Congress Asks That They Be Turned Out of Office in Utah. WASHINGTON, March 18 .- Secretary Hitchcock of the Interior Department granted an audience to-day to Mrs. President Schoff and other members of the National Mothers' Congress. The representative of the congress told Secretary Hitchcock that they wanted him to dismiss all field officials of the Department in Ut in "who were known"

the Department in Ut in "who were known to be polygamists."

When pressed to go uto particulars, the Secretary's callers said they had no positive information on the subject, but had heard that polygamists were tolding office in Utah. Mr. Hitchcock informed Mrs. Schoff and her friends if they submitted a statement eiting specific instances where polygamists. ment citing specific instances where polyg-amists hold office in Utah o. any other State he would be pleased to order an in-

INDIANS AT THE WHITE HOUSE. The Ulntas Object to the Opening of Their Reservation to Settlement.

WASHINGTON, March 18 .- A delegation of Indians from the Uinta reservation in Utah called on President Roosevelt this morning accompanied by Indian Commissioner Leupp. The reservation is to be opened to settlement, according to an act recently passed by Congress, and the Indians would not believe this was true until they had beard it from the President himself. They are opposed to the opening of the reservation, but the President assured them that justice would be done and that they would be protected in their rights.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Washington. March 18.—The cruiser Detroit has arrived at Puerto Plata and the collier Pontiac at Newport.

The cruiser Prairie has sailed from Hamp ton Roads for Tompkinsville, the despatch boat Dolphin from Washington for Charles, ton, the cruiser Yankee from the cruiser. boat Dolphin from washington for Charles, ton, the cruiser Yankee from Hampten Roads for Puergo Plata, the battleships Wisconsin and Oregon, the destroyers Bain-bridge, Decatur, Barry, Dale and Chauncey, the collier Nanshan and the transport General Alawa from Cavite for Hong Kong, the battleships kentucky and Missouri and the cruisers Olympia and Des Moines From Guantanamo for Havana.

KENESAW MOUNTAIN LANDIS

Mail Orders

Promptly Filled.

Catalogue Mailed

Free on Applica-

New Judge for Illinois Born on the Day of the Battle After Which He Was Named. WASHINGTON, March 18.-Kenesaw Mountain Landis, who was appointed a United States District Judge for the Northern District of Illinois to-day, is one of five able brothers, two of whom, Charles B. Landis gress from Indiana. Another brother is Postmaster at San Juan, P. R., and the other, who has kept out of politics, is a quaint humor and noted story tellers. Kenesaw, the new Judge, is a lawyer in Chicago. He was named after the battle MAHANOY CITY, Pa., March 18.-Presi- of Kenesaw Mountain, in which his father, Indiana Regiment, was wounded. The story goes that on the day following the battle the father received a telegram from his wife notifying him that another boy had arrived. "Name him Kenesaw Mountain," was

the response.

When Walter Q. Gresham turned Demowhen water Q. Gresham turned Demo-crat and was appointed Secretary of State in Mr. Cleveland's second Cabinet, Ken-esaw Landis came to Washington with him as private secretary. Mr. Gresham and his young assistant were on the best of terms.

Kenesaw," said Mr. Gresham one day "you write my autograph letters better than I do."

Mr. Landis was regarded as a Democrat in those days. When Mr. Greshan died in May, 1895, Landis went to Chicago to practise law and ultimately became in-terested in Republican politics. Repre-sentative Fred Landis was asked recently if Kenesaw was a Democrat. "No, sir," he responded, "Kenesaw has been a lifelong Republican since 1896."

Rathbone Still Seeking Vindication WASHINGTON, March 18 .- Estes G. Rathbone of Ohio, former Director of Posts in bone of Ohio, former Director of Posts in Cuba, who was removed from that office by Military Governor Leonard Wood on a charge of appropriating public moneys for personal uses, is still seeking vindication. He has been bere several days in conference with Senators relative to a resolution introduced a few years ago by the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna, calling for a Congress inquiry into Mr. Rathbone's administration of the Cuban posts. Mr. Rathbone found it impossible to get any action during the session just closed, and it is his purpose to come to Washington next winter and insist upon an investigation.

Army and Navy Orders.

Washington March 18.—The following army orders were issued to-day:
Brig.-Gen. Edward M. Hayes, retired, from duty with militia of Arkansas to his home.
First Lieut. Wilfrid Turabull, Assistant Surgeon, honorably discharged from the service.
Capt. Charles C. Clark, Fifth Infantry, to the subsistence department, vice Capt. Douglas Settle, Commissary, who is assigned to the Fifth Infantry. tie, Commissary, was Infantry. Col. Allen Smith, Sixth Cavalry, to home to await

These naval orders were issued: Rear Admiral J. A. B. Smith, retired, to navy yard, New York, as general inspector of machinery building for the navy on the Atlantic Coast. Ensign R. P. Craft, from the Renucky to the Ensign R. P. Craft, from the Kentucky to the Maine.

Medical Director D. Dickinson, from naval hospital, Chelsea, to navy fard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Medical Director H. Wells, naval hospital, Newport, to naval hospital, Chelsea.

Medical Director W. G. Farwell, from naval hospital, Portsmouth, N. H., to home.

Medical inspector S. H. Dickson, from the Kearsarge to the Maine.

Medical inspector L. G. Heneberger, to Newport in command of naval hospital at that place. Surgeon M. K. Johnson, from the Tacoma to the Maine.

Surgeon J. W. Kite, detached from the Maine aine.
Surgeon I. W. Kite, detached from the Maine
d to the Kearsarge.
Passed Assistant Surgeon J. J. Snyder, from the Passed Assistant Surgeon J. J. Snyder, from the Kearsarge to the Tacoma. Assistant Surgeon H. M. Tolfree from the Hancock to Washington for examination for promotion. Paymaster F. P. Sarkett, to the Kentucky. Paymaster H. E. wett, from the Kentucky to home and wait orders.

Cures Colds and

Among Dr. Eumphreys other Specifics are:

A cure for Rheumatism, No. 15. A cure for Dyspepsia, No. 10. A cure for Neuralgia, No. 8.

A cure for Headache, No. 9. A cure for Eczema, No. 14. A cure for Malaria, No. 16.

A cure for Kidney Disease, No. 27. A cure for Bladder Diseases, No. 30. Manual of all diseases will be mailed free on application.

At Druggists, 25 cents each, or matter Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

B. Altman & Cn.

On TUESDAY, March 21st, a sale will be held consisting of 500 ORIENTAL RUGS, in medium and small sizes, and of excellent quality and colorings, heretofore \$19.50 to \$35.00, at

17.50, 21.00, 25.00 \$14.00,

Also a number of ORIENTAL RUGS of select designs and colorings, in large sizes, are offered at much below the Regular Price.

LACE CURTAINS and LIGHT DRAPERY FABRICS.

Attention is invited to a very desirable stock of Lace Curtains, among which are Bonne Femme and Sash Curtains; Lace Bed Sets; and a variety of fabrics for Light Draperies, furniture and wall coverings, such as Printed Shadow Taffetas, Cretonnes and English Art Muslins, also Embroidered Muslins and Nets for Casement, Long and Sash Curtains.

Furniture Slip Covers of Striped Damasks, Swansdowns, Cretonnes, Linens and other materials, also Window Shades, made to order at moderate prices.

(Upholstery and Rug Departments, Third Floor.)

SPRING OUTERGARMENTS, WRAPS, ETC.

REPRESENTED IN THE ASSORTMENT OF WOMEN'S OUTER GARMENTS, ARE NEW AND EFFECTIVE DESIGNS IN WRAPS OF TAFFETA MOUSSELINE, RAJAH, EOLIENNES, FANCY CANVAS AND EMBROIDERED LINON.

THESE MODELS, WHICH ARE OF RECENT IMPORTATION, EMBRACE EMPIRE DIRECTOIRE WRAPS, | PALETOTS, MATINEE COATS AND RUSSIAN BLOUSES.

OF EXCEPTIONAL INTEREST ARE A NUMBER OF LACE COATS, BLACK CHAMPAGNE AND WHITE, IN SHEER AND HEAVY EFFECTS

MOTORING GARMENTS.

MOTORING GARMENTS FOR WOMEN ARE SHOWN IN THE PREVAILING STYLES, AMONG WHICH ARE:

COATS OF SATIN RUBBER, LEATHER, MIXED TWEED, CHEVIOT, MOHAIR, LANDSDOWNE, AND COVERT CLOTH, AND CAPS OF LEATHER, LINEN, PONCEE AND GLORIA.

ALSO MEN'S LIGHT-WEIGHT AUTOMOBILE COATS AND CAPS.

GOWNS AND SUITS.

In the department for Made-up Costumes there is offered a number of selected designs in Women's Gowns, the newest and most desirable materials being shown in the collection.

On TUESDAY, March 21st, a sale will be held, including:

Semi-Shirt Waist Models in Gowns of Chiffon Taffeta Silk of various shades (unlined), with round length skirt, \$35.00

Blouse Suits of Black and Colored Broadcloth with round length Three-quarter Length Tailor Coat Suits of Blue, Black and Brown

Cheviot and Mixed Tweeds, with round length unlined skirt, \$25.00

Separate Skirts of Black Veiling (round length), and lined throughout with silk, \$20.00

(Department on Second Floor,)

NEEDLEWORK, FANCY ARTICLES and YARNS. (Department on Third Floor.)

HAVE OPENED A DEPARTMENT FOR M. Altman & Co.

EMBROIDERED AND STAMPED LINEN PIECES, FANCY EMBROIDERED ARTICLES, WOOLEN YARNS, ETC.

AND ON MONDAY, MARCH 20th, THEY WILL PLACE ON SALE 1,000 24-INCH DOWN SOFA PILLOWS, COVERED WITH DAMASK, TAPESTRY OR REP. REGULAR PRICES, \$1.65 & \$2.25, AT

90c. AND \$1.25 EACH.

Nineteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, New York,